CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## SENATE BILL 5004

Chapter 432, Laws of 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

BUSINESS CORPORATION ACT-VARIOUS PROVISIONS

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 23, 2023

Passed by the Senate April 13, 2023 Yeas 47 Nays 0

DENNY HECK

President of the Senate

Passed by the House March 20, 2023 Yeas 96 Nays 0

LAURIE JINKINS

Speaker of the House of Representatives Approved May 11, 2023 9:59 AM CERTIFICATE

I, Sarah Bannister, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SENATE BILL 5004** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

SARAH BANNISTER

Secretary

FILED

May 11, 2023

Secretary of State

JAY INSLEE

State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

## SENATE BILL 5004

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2023 Regular Session

## State of Washington 68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

**By** Senators Pedersen, Padden, Dhingra, Mullet, Nobles, and J. Wilson; by request of Washington State Bar Association

Prefiled 12/05/22. Read first time 01/09/23. Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

AN ACT Relating to making updates to the Washington business corporation act; amending RCW 23B.01.400, 23B.06.210, 23B.10.020, and 3 23B.11.030; adding a new section to chapter 23B.06 RCW; and adding a 4 new section to chapter 23B.11 RCW.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 Sec. 1. RCW 23B.01.400 and 2022 c 42 s 101 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 ((Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the)) The 9 definitions in this section apply throughout this title <u>unless the</u> 10 <u>context clearly requires otherwise</u>.

11 (1) "Articles of incorporation" include amended and restated 12 articles of incorporation and articles of merger.

13 (2) "Authorized shares" means the shares of all classes a14 domestic or foreign corporation is authorized to issue.

(3) "Conspicuous" means so prepared that a reasonable person against whom the writing is to operate should have noticed it. For example, text in italics, boldface, contrasting color, capitals, or underlined is conspicuous.

(4) "Controlling interest" means ownership of an entity's outstanding shares or interests in such number as to entitle the holder at the time to elect a majority of the entity's directors or

other governors without regard to voting power which may thereafter
 exist upon a default, failure, or other contingency.

3 (5) "Corporate action" means any resolution, act, policy, 4 contract, transaction, plan, adoption or amendment of articles of 5 incorporation or bylaws, or other matter approved by or submitted for 6 approval to a corporation's incorporators, board of directors or a 7 committee thereof, or shareholders.

8 (6) "Corporation" or "domestic corporation" means a corporation 9 for profit, including a social purpose corporation, which is not a 10 foreign corporation, incorporated under or subject to the provisions 11 of this title.

12 (7) "Deliver" or "delivery" means any method of delivery used in 13 conventional commercial practice, including delivery by hand, mail, 14 commercial delivery, and, if authorized in accordance with RCW 15 23B.01.410, by electronic transmission.

16 (8) "Distribution" means a direct or indirect transfer of money 17 or other property, except its own shares, or incurrence of 18 indebtedness by a corporation to or for the benefit of its shareholders in respect to any of its shares. A distribution may be 19 in the form of a declaration or payment of a dividend; a distribution 20 21 in partial or complete liquidation, or upon voluntary or involuntary dissolution; a purchase, redemption, or other acquisition of shares; 22 a distribution of indebtedness; or otherwise. 23

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(9) "Document" means:

(a) Any tangible medium on which information is inscribed, and
 includes handwritten, typed, printed, or similar instruments or
 copies of such instruments; and

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(b) An electronic record.

(10) "Electronic" means relating to technology having electrical,
 digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar
 capabilities.

(11) "Electronic mail" means an electronic transmission directed to a unique electronic mail address, which electronic mail will be deemed to include any files attached thereto and any information hyperlinked to a website if the electronic mail includes the contact information of an officer or agent of the corporation who is available to assist with accessing such files and information.

38 (12) "Electronic mail address" means a destination, commonly 39 expressed as a string of characters, consisting of a unique user name 40 or mailbox, commonly referred to as the "local part" of the address, 1 and a reference to an internet domain, commonly referred to as the 2 "domain part" of the address, whether or not displayed, to which 3 electronic mail can be sent or delivered.

(13) "Electronic record" means information that is stored in an 4 electronic or other nontangible medium and: (a) Is retrievable in 5 6 paper form by the recipient through an automated process used in 7 conventional commercial practice; or (b) if not retrievable in paper form by the recipient through an automated process used 8 in conventional commercial practice, is otherwise authorized 9 in accordance with RCW 23B.01.410(10). 10

11 (14) "Electronic transmission" or "electronically transmitted" 12 means internet transmission, telephonic transmission, electronic mail transmission, transmission of a telegram, cablegram, or datagram, the 13 14 use of, or participation in, one or more electronic networks or databases including one or more distributed electronic networks or 15 16 databases, or any other form or process of communication, not 17 directly involving the physical transfer of paper or another tangible 18 medium, which:

(a) Is suitable for the retention, retrieval, and reproduction ofinformation by the recipient; and

(b) Is retrievable in paper form by the recipient through an automated process used in conventional commercial practice, or, if not retrievable in paper form by the recipient through an automated process used in conventional commercial practice, is otherwise authorized in accordance with RCW 23B.01.410(10).

(15) "Employee" includes an officer but not a director. Adirector may accept duties that make the director also an employee.

(16) "Entity" includes a corporation and foreign corporation, not-for-profit corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, two or more persons having a joint or common economic interest, the state, United States, and a foreign governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.

34 (17) "Execute," "executes," or "executed" means, with present 35 intent to authenticate or adopt a document:

36 (a) To sign or adopt a tangible symbol to the document, and37 includes any manual, facsimile, or conformed signature;

38 (b) To attach or logically associate with an electronic 39 transmission an electronic sound, symbol, or process, and includes an 40 electronic signature; or

1 (c) With respect to a document to be filed with the secretary of 2 state, in compliance with the standards for filing with the office of 3 the secretary of state as prescribed by the secretary of state.

4 (18) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation for profit 5 incorporated under a law other than the law of this state.

6 (19) "Foreign limited partnership" means a partnership formed 7 under laws other than of this state and having as partners one or 8 more general partners and one or more limited partners.

9 (20) "General social purpose" means the general social purpose 10 for which a social purpose corporation is organized as set forth in 11 the articles of incorporation of the corporation in accordance with 12 RCW 23B.25.040(1)(c).

13 (21) "Governmental subdivision" includes authority, county, 14 district, and municipality.

15 (22) "Governor" has the meaning given that term in RCW 23.95.105.

16 (23) "Includes" denotes a partial definition.

17 (24) "Individual" includes the estate of an incompetent or 18 deceased individual.

19 (25) "Limited partnership" or "domestic limited partnership" 20 means a partnership formed by two or more persons under the laws of 21 this state and having one or more general partners and one or more 22 limited partners.

(26) "Means" denotes an exhaustive definition.

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(27) "Notice" has the meaning provided in RCW 23B.01.410.

(28) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust,
 estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association,
 joint venture, government, governmental subdivision, agency, or
 instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.

(29) "Principal office" means the office, in or out of this
state, so designated in the annual report where the principal
executive offices of a domestic or foreign corporation are located.

32 (30) "Proceeding" includes civil suit and criminal,33 administrative, and investigatory action.

34 (31) "Public company" means a corporation that has a class of 35 shares registered with the federal securities and exchange commission 36 pursuant to section 12 or 15 of the securities exchange act of 1934, 37 or section 8 of the investment company act of 1940, or any successor 38 statute.

(32) "Qualified director" means (a) with respect to a director's
 conflicting interest transaction as defined in RCW 23B.08.700, any

1 director who does not have either (i) a conflicting interest respecting the transaction, or (ii) a familial, financial, 2 professional, or employment relationship with a second director who 3 does have a conflicting interest respecting the transaction, which 4 relationship would, in the circumstances, reasonably be expected to 5 6 exert an influence on the first director's judgment when voting on the transaction; (b) with respect to RCW 23B.08.735, a qualified 7 director under (a) of this subsection if the business opportunity 8 were a director's conflicting interest transaction; and (c) with 9 respect to RCW 23B.02.020(2)(g), a director who is not a director (i) 10 11 to whom the limitation or elimination of the duty of an officer to 12 offer potential business opportunities to the corporation would apply, or (ii) who has a familial, financial, professional, or 13 employment relationship with another officer to whom the limitation 14 or elimination would apply, which relationship would, in the 15 16 circumstances, reasonably be expected to exert an influence on the 17 director's judgment when voting on the limitation or elimination.

18 (33) "Record date" means the date fixed for determining the 19 identity of a corporation's shareholders and their shareholdings for 20 purposes of this title. The determinations shall be made as of the 21 close of business on the record date unless another time for doing so 22 is specified when the record date is fixed.

23 (34) "Registered office" means the address of the corporation's 24 registered agent.

(35) "Secretary" means the corporate officer to whom the board of directors has delegated responsibility under RCW 23B.08.400(3) for custody of the minutes of the meetings of the board of directors and of the shareholders and for authenticating records of the corporation.

30 (36) "Shareholder" means the person in whose name shares are 31 registered in the records of a corporation or the beneficial owner of 32 shares to the extent of the rights granted by a nominee certificate 33 on file with a corporation.

34 (37) "Shares" means the units into which the proprietary 35 interests in a corporation are divided.

36 (38) "Social purpose" includes any general social purpose and any 37 specific social purpose.

38 (39) "Social purpose corporation" means a corporation that has 39 elected to be governed as a social purpose corporation under chapter 40 23B.25 RCW.

1 (40) "Specific social purpose" means the specific social purpose 2 or purposes for which a social purpose corporation is organized as 3 set forth in the articles of incorporation of the corporation in 4 accordance with RCW 23B.25.040(2)(a).

5 (41) "State," when referring to a part of the United States, 6 includes a state and commonwealth, and their agencies and 7 governmental subdivisions, and a territory and insular possession, 8 and their agencies and governmental subdivisions, of the United 9 States.

10 (42) "Subscriber" means a person who subscribes for shares in a 11 corporation, whether before or after incorporation.

12 (43) "Subsidiary" means an entity in which the corporation has,13 directly or indirectly, a controlling interest.

14 (44) "United States" includes a district, authority, bureau,15 commission, department, and any other agency of the United States.

16 (45) "Voting group" means all shares of one or more classes or 17 series that under the articles of incorporation or this title are 18 entitled to vote and be counted together collectively on a matter at 19 a meeting of shareholders. All shares entitled by the articles of 20 incorporation or this title to vote generally on the matter are for 21 that purpose a single voting group.

22 (46) "Writing" or "written" means any information in the form of 23 a document.

24 <u>(47) "Forward stock split" means the pro rata division of all the</u> 25 <u>outstanding shares of a class of stock into a greater number of</u> 26 <u>shares of the same class, whether or not the authorized shares of</u> 27 <u>such a class are increased in the same proportion, but does not</u> 28 <u>include a share dividend under RCW 23B.06.230.</u>

29 (48) "Reverse stock split" means the pro rata combination of all 30 the outstanding shares of a class of stock into a smaller number of 31 shares of the same class, whether or not the authorized shares of 32 such a class are reduced in the same proportion.

33 <u>(49) "Stock split" means a forward stock split or a reverse stock</u> 34 <u>split.</u>

35 Sec. 2. RCW 23B.06.210 and 2009 c 189 s 8 are each amended to 36 read as follows:

37 (1) The powers granted in this section to the board of directors38 may be reserved to the shareholders by the articles of incorporation.

1 (2) Any issuance of shares must be approved by the board of 2 directors. Shares may be issued ((for)):

3 <u>(a) For consideration determined by the board of directors from</u> 4 <u>time to time</u> consisting of any tangible or intangible property or 5 benefit to the corporation, including cash, promissory notes, 6 services performed, contracts for services to be performed, or other 7 securities of the corporation; or

8 <u>(b) As a share dividend or upon a stock split, reclassification</u> 9 <u>of outstanding shares into shares of another class or series, or</u> 10 <u>conversion of outstanding shares into shares of another class or</u> 11 <u>series</u>.

12 (3) A good faith determination by the board of directors that the consideration received or to be received for the shares to be issued 13 is adequate is conclusive insofar as the adequacy of consideration 14 relates to whether the shares are validly issued, fully paid and 15 16 nonassessable. When the board of directors has made such а 17 determination and the corporation has received the consideration, the 18 shares issued therefor are fully paid and nonassessable. Shares issued as a share dividend or upon a stock split, reclassification of 19 outstanding shares into shares of another class or series, or 20 conversion of outstanding shares into shares of another class or 21 22 series are fully paid and nonassessable.

23 (4) The corporation may place in escrow shares issued for a contract for future services or benefits or a promissory note, or 24 25 make other arrangements to restrict the transfer of the shares, and 26 may credit distributions in respect to the shares against their purchase price, until the services are performed, the benefits are 27 28 received, or the note is paid. If the services are not performed, the 29 benefits are not received, or the note is not paid, the shares escrowed or restricted and the distributions credited may be canceled 30 31 in whole or part.

32 (5) Where it cannot be determined that outstanding shares are 33 fully paid and nonassessable, there shall be a conclusive presumption 34 that such shares are fully paid and nonassessable if the board of 35 directors makes a good faith determination that there is no 36 substantial evidence that the full consideration for such shares has 37 not been paid.

38 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 23B.06 39 RCW to read as follows:

1 (1) A corporation may effect a stock split by means of an 2 amendment to the articles of incorporation stating the effect of the 3 stock split on the outstanding shares of the affected class.

4 (2) An amendment to the articles of incorporation to effect a 5 stock split may, but is not required to, include a change in the 6 authorized shares of the affected class.

7 (3) Except for a forward stock split that complies with RCW 8 23B.10.020(4)(a) or a reverse stock split that complies with RCW 9 23B.10.020(4)(b), an amendment to the articles of incorporation to 10 effect a stock split must be approved in accordance with RCW 11 23B.10.030 and, if applicable, RCW 23B.10.040.

12 The board of directors may fix the record date for (4) determining shareholders affected by a stock split, which date may 13 not precede the date on which the amendment to the articles of 14 incorporation effecting the stock split becomes effective 15 in accordance with RCW 23.95.210. If the board of directors does not fix 16 17 the record date for determining shareholders affected by a stock split, the record date is the date on which the amendment to the 18 articles of incorporation effecting the stock split becomes effective 19 in accordance with RCW 23.95.210. 20

21 Sec. 4. RCW 23B.10.020 and 2009 c 189 s 31 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

23 Unless the articles of incorporation provide otherwise, a 24 corporation's board of directors may adopt one or more amendments to 25 the corporation's articles of incorporation without shareholder 26 approval:

(1) If the corporation has only one class of shares outstanding,
to provide, change, or eliminate any provision with respect to the
par value of any class of shares;

30 (2) To delete the names and addresses of the initial directors;

31 (3) To delete the name and address of the initial registered 32 agent or registered office, if a statement of change is on file with 33 the secretary of state;

34 (4) If the corporation has only one class of shares outstanding, 35 solely to:

36 (a) Effect a forward <u>stock</u> split of, or change the number of
37 authorized shares of that class in proportion to a forward <u>stock</u>
38 split of, or ((<del>stock</del>)) <u>share</u> dividend in, the corporation's
39 outstanding shares; or

(b) Effect a reverse <u>stock</u> split of the corporation's outstanding
 shares ((and)) <u>if</u> the number of authorized shares of that class ((in
 the same proportions)) is proportionately reduced by the amendment;

(5) To change the corporate name; or

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5 (6) To make any other change expressly permitted by this title to 6 be made without shareholder approval.

7 Sec. 5. RCW 23B.11.030 and 2022 c 42 s 108 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

9 (1) After ((adopting)) a plan of merger or share exchange has been adopted in accordance with RCW 23B.11.020 or 23B.11.040, the 10 11 board of directors of each corporation party to the merger, ((and)) or the board of directors of the corporation whose shares will be 12 acquired in the share exchange, shall submit the plan ((of merger)) 13 for approval by the shareholders, except as provided in subsection 14 15 (7) or (9) of this section((, or share exchange for approval by its 16 shareholders)) or as provided in RCW 23B.11.040 or section 6 of this 17 act.

18 (2) For a plan of merger or share exchange to be approved <u>by</u> 19 <u>shareholders</u>:

(a) The board of directors must recommend <u>that the shareholders</u> <u>approve</u> the plan of merger or share exchange ((to the shareholders)), unless (i) the board of directors determines that because of conflict of interest or other special circumstances it should <u>not</u> make ((no)) <u>such a</u> recommendation or (ii) RCW 23B.08.245 applies, and in either case the board of directors communicates the basis for so proceeding to the shareholders; and

27 (b) The shareholders entitled to vote must approve the plan(( $_{\tau}$ 28 except as provided in subsection (7) of this section)).

(3) The board of directors may condition its submission of the proposed plan of merger or share exchange on any basis, including the affirmative vote of holders of a specified percentage of shares held by any group of shareholders not otherwise entitled under this title or the articles of incorporation to vote as a separate voting group on the proposed plan of merger or share exchange.

35 (4) The corporation shall notify each shareholder, whether or not 36 entitled to vote, of the proposed shareholders' meeting in accordance 37 with RCW 23B.07.050. The notice must also state that the purpose, or 38 one of the purposes, of the meeting is to consider the plan of merger 39 or share exchange and must contain or be accompanied by a copy of the

1 plan or a summary of the material terms and conditions of the 2 proposed merger or share exchange and the consideration to be 3 received by shareholders.

(5) ((<del>In</del>)) If the plan of merger is required to be approved by 4 the shareholders, in addition to any other voting conditions imposed 5 6 by the board of directors under subsection (3) of this section, the plan of merger must be approved by two-thirds of the voting group 7 comprising all the votes entitled to be cast on the plan, and of each 8 other voting group entitled under RCW 23B.11.035 or the articles of 9 incorporation to vote separately on the plan((, unless shareholder 10 approval is not required under subsection (7) of this section)). The 11 12 articles of incorporation may require a greater or lesser vote than that provided in this subsection, or a greater or lesser vote by 13 separate voting groups, so long as the required vote is not less than 14 15 a majority of all the votes entitled to be cast on the plan of merger 16 and of each other voting group entitled to vote separately on the 17 plan. Separate voting by additional voting groups is required on a plan of merger under the circumstances described in RCW 23B.11.035. 18

(6) In addition to any other voting conditions imposed by the 19 board of directors under subsection (3) of this section, the plan of 20 21 share exchange must be approved by two-thirds of the voting group comprising all the votes entitled to be cast on the plan, and of each 22 23 other voting group entitled under RCW 23B.11.035 or the articles of incorporation to vote separately on the plan. The articles of 24 25 incorporation may require a greater or lesser vote than that provided 26 in this subsection, or a greater or lesser vote by separate voting groups, so long as the required vote is not less than a majority of 27 28 all the votes entitled to be cast on the plan of share exchange and of each other voting group entitled to vote separately on the plan. 29 Separate voting by additional voting groups is required on a plan of 30 31 share exchange under the circumstances described in RCW 23B.11.035.

32 (7) Approval by the shareholders of the surviving corporation on 33 a plan of merger is not required if:

(a) The articles of incorporation of the surviving corporation
 will not differ, except for amendments enumerated in RCW 23B.10.020,
 from its articles of incorporation before the merger;

37 (b) Each shareholder of the surviving corporation whose shares 38 were outstanding immediately before the effective date of the merger 39 will hold the same number of shares, with identical designations,

1 preferences, limitations, and relative rights, immediately after the 2 merger;

3 (c) The number of voting shares outstanding immediately after the 4 merger, plus the number of voting shares issuable as a result of the 5 merger, either by the conversion of securities issued pursuant to the 6 merger or the exercise of rights and warrants issued pursuant to the 7 merger, will not exceed the total number of voting shares of the 8 surviving corporation authorized by its articles of incorporation 9 immediately before the merger; and

10 (d) The number of participating shares outstanding immediately 11 after the merger, plus the number of participating shares issuable as 12 a result of the merger, either by the conversion of securities issued 13 pursuant to the merger or the exercise of rights and warrants issued 14 pursuant to the merger, will not exceed the total number of 15 participating shares authorized by its articles of incorporation 16 immediately before the merger.

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(8) As used in subsection (7) of this section:

(a) "Participating shares" means shares that entitle theirholders to participate without limitation in distributions.

20 (b) "Voting shares" means shares that entitle their holders to 21 vote unconditionally in elections of directors.

(9) Unless the articles of incorporation provide otherwise,
 approval by the shareholders of a public company is not required for
 a plan of merger if:

(a) The plan of merger expressly: (i) Permits or requires the merger to be effected under this subsection; and (ii) provides that, if the merger is to be effected under this subsection, the merger will be effected as soon as practicable following the satisfaction of the requirements of (f) of this subsection;

(b) Another party to the merger or a parent of another party to 30 31 the merger makes an offer to purchase, on the terms stated in the 32 plan of merger, any and all of the outstanding shares of the corporation that, absent this subsection, would be entitled to vote 33 on the plan of merger, except that the offer may exclude shares of 34 the corporation that are owned at the commencement of the offer by 35 the corporation, the offeror, or any parent of the offeror, or by any 36 wholly owned subsidiary of any of the foregoing; 37

38 (c) The offer discloses that the plan of merger states that the 39 merger will be effected as soon as practicable following the 40 satisfaction of the requirements of (f) of this subsection and that 1 the shares of the corporation that are not tendered in response to 2 the offer will be treated as provided in (h) of this subsection;

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(d) The offer remains open for at least 10 days;

4 (e) The offeror purchases all shares properly tendered in 5 response to the offer and not properly withdrawn;

6 (f) The: (i) Shares purchased by the offeror in accordance with 7 the offer; (ii) shares otherwise owned by the offeror or by any parent of the offeror or any wholly owned subsidiary of any of the 8 foregoing; and (iii) shares subject to an agreement that they are to 9 be transferred, contributed, or delivered to the offeror, any parent 10 11 of the offeror, or any wholly owned subsidiary of any of the 12 foregoing in exchange for shares or other interests in that offeror, parent, or subsidiary, are collectively entitled to cast at least the 13 minimum number of votes on the merger that, absent this subsection, 14 would be required by this chapter for the approval of the merger by 15 16 the shareholders entitled to vote on the merger at a meeting at which 17 all shares entitled to vote on the approval were present and voted;

18 (g) The offeror or a wholly owned subsidiary of the offeror 19 merges with or into the corporation; and

(h) Each outstanding share of each class or series of shares of 20 the corporation that the offeror is offering to purchase 21 in accordance with the offer, and which is not purchased in accordance 22 with the offer, is to be converted in the merger into, or into the 23 right to receive, the same amount and kind of securities, eligible 24 25 interests, obligations, rights, cash, or other property to be paid or 26 exchanged in accordance with the offer for each share of that class or series of shares that is tendered in response to the offer, except 27 that shares of the corporation that are owned by the corporation or 28 29 that are described in (f)(ii) or (iii) of this subsection need not be converted into or exchanged for the consideration described in this 30 31 subsection (9)(h).

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(10) As used in subsection (9) of this section:

33 (a) "Offer" means the offer referred to in subsection (9)(b) of 34 this section.

35 (b) "Offeror" means the person making the offer.

36 (c) "Parent" of an entity means a person that owns, directly or 37 indirectly, through one or more wholly owned subsidiaries, all of the 38 outstanding shares of or other interests in that entity. 1 (d) Shares tendered in response to the offer will be deemed to 2 have been "purchased" in accordance with the offer at the earlier 3 time as of which:

4 (i) The offeror has irrevocably accepted those shares for 5 payment; and

6 (ii) Either: (A) In the case of shares represented by 7 certificates, the offeror, or the offeror's designated depository or other agent, has physically received the certificates representing 8 those shares; or (B) in the case of shares without certificates, 9 those shares have been transferred into the account of the offeror or 10 11 its designated depository or other agent, or an agent's message 12 relating to those shares has been received by the offeror or its 13 designated depository or other agent.

(e) "Wholly owned subsidiary" of a person means an entity of or in which that person owns, directly or indirectly, through one or more wholly owned subsidiaries, all of the outstanding shares or other interests.

(11) After a merger or share exchange is approved, and at any time before articles of merger or share exchange are filed, the planned merger or share exchange may be abandoned, subject to any contractual rights, without further shareholder approval, in accordance with the procedure set forth in the plan of merger or share exchange or, if none is set forth, in the manner determined by the board of directors.

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 23B.11
26 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout thissection unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(a) "Holding company" means the corporation that is or becomes the direct parent of the surviving corporation of a merger accomplished under this section and whose capital stock is issued in that merger.

33 (b) "Parent constituent corporation" means the parent corporation 34 that merges with or into the subsidiary constituent corporation in 35 the merger.

36 (c) "Subsidiary constituent corporation" means the subsidiary 37 corporation with or into which the parent constituent corporation 38 merges in the merger.

1 (2) Unless the articles of incorporation provide otherwise, a 2 parent constituent corporation may merge with or into a single 3 indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the parent constituent 4 corporation without the approval of the plan of merger by the 5 shareholders of the parent constituent corporation if:

6 (a) The plan expressly permits or requires the merger to be 7 effected under this subsection;

8 (b) The holding company and the constituent corporations to the 9 merger are each organized under this title;

10 (c) At all times from its incorporation until consummation of a 11 merger under this section, the holding company was a direct wholly 12 owned subsidiary of the parent constituent corporation;

13 (d) Immediately before consummation of a merger under this 14 section, the subsidiary constituent corporation is a direct wholly 15 owned subsidiary of the holding company and an indirect wholly owned 16 subsidiary of the parent constituent corporation;

17 (e) The parent constituent corporation and the subsidiary 18 constituent corporation are the only constituent entities to the 19 merger;

(f) Immediately after the merger becomes effective, the surviving corporation of the merger becomes or remains a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the holding company;

(g) Each share or fraction of a share of the parent constituent corporation outstanding immediately before the merger becomes effective is converted in the merger into a share or equal fraction of a share of the holding company having the same designations and relative preferences, rights, and limitations as the share or fraction of a share of the parent constituent corporation being converted in the merger;

(h) The articles of incorporation and bylaws of the holding 30 31 company immediately after the merger becomes effective contain 32 provisions identical to the articles of incorporation and bylaws of 33 the parent constituent corporation immediately before the merger becomes effective, other than any provisions regarding the 34 35 incorporator or incorporators, the corporate name, the registered office and agent, the initial board of directors and the initial 36 subscribers for shares, and the provisions contained in any amendment 37 38 to the articles of incorporation of the parent constituent 39 corporation that were necessary to effect an exchange,

reclassification, or cancellation of shares if the exchange,
 reclassification, or cancellation has become effective;

(i) The articles of incorporation and bylaws of the surviving 3 corporation immediately after the merger becomes effective contain 4 provisions by specific reference to this subsection requiring that 5 6 any corporate action by or involving the surviving corporation, other than the election or removal of directors of the 7 surviving corporation, must be approved by the shareholders of the holding 8 company, or any successor by merger, by the same vote as is required 9 by this title or under the articles of incorporation or bylaws of the 10 11 parent constituent corporation immediately before the merger becomes 12 effective, if that corporate action would have required the approval of the shareholders of the parent constituent corporation under this 13 title or under the articles of incorporation or bylaws of the parent 14 15 constituent corporation immediately before the merger becomes 16 effective;

17 (j) The directors of the parent constituent corporation 18 immediately before the merger becomes effective become or remain the 19 directors of the holding company immediately after the merger becomes 20 effective; and

(k) The shareholders of the parent constituent corporation will not recognize gain or loss for United States federal income tax purposes as a result of the merger, as determined by the board of directors of the parent constituent corporation.

25 (3) The holding company must, promptly after the effective date of a merger effected under subsection (2) of this section, notify 26 each person who was a shareholder of the parent constituent 27 28 corporation as of the date the board of directors approves the merger that the merger has become effective. The notice must contain or be 29 accompanied by a copy of the plan of merger or a summary of the 30 31 material terms and conditions of the merger and the consideration to 32 be received by those shareholders.

(4) To the extent restrictions under chapter 23B.19 RCW applied 33 to the parent constituent corporation or any of its shareholders at 34 the effective time of the merger, those restrictions apply to the 35 holding company and its shareholders immediately after the merger 36 becomes effective as though the holding company were the parent 37 constituent corporation, and all shares of stock of the holding 38 39 company acquired in the merger will, for the purposes of chapter 40 23B.19 RCW, be deemed to have been acquired at the time that the

SB 5004.SL

1 corresponding shares of stock of the parent constituent corporation 2 were acquired. No shareholder who, immediately before the merger 3 becomes effective, was not an acquiring person of the parent 4 constituent corporation under chapter 23B.19 RCW will, solely by 5 reason of the merger, become an acquiring person of the holding 6 company under chapter 23B.19 RCW.

7 (5) To the extent a shareholder of the parent constituent 8 corporation immediately before the merger was eligible to commence a 9 proceeding in the right of the parent constituent corporation in 10 accordance with RCW 23B.07.400, nothing in this section is deemed to 11 limit or extinguish that eligibility.

12 (6) Except as provided in subsections (2), (3), (4), and (5) of 13 this section, a merger between a parent constituent corporation and a 14 subsidiary constituent corporation is governed by the provisions of 15 this chapter applicable to mergers generally.

> Passed by the Senate April 13, 2023. Passed by the House March 20, 2023. Approved by the Governor May 11, 2023. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2023.

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